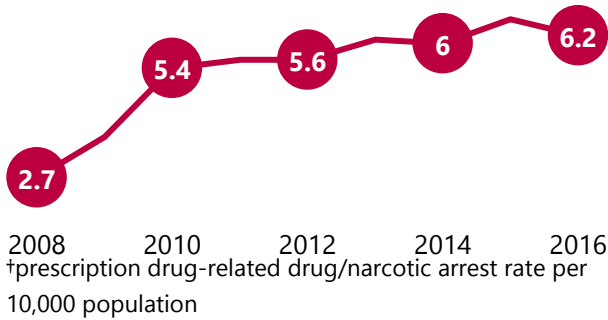
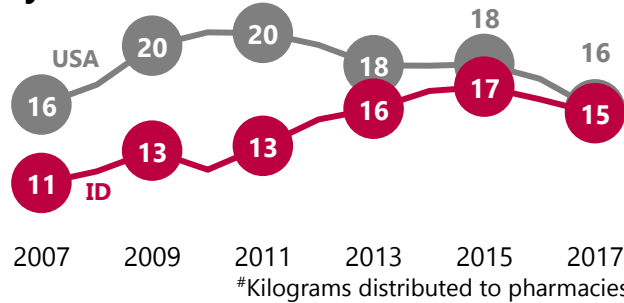


Roughly 69,000 Idahoans 12 and older misused pain relievers in the past year¹.

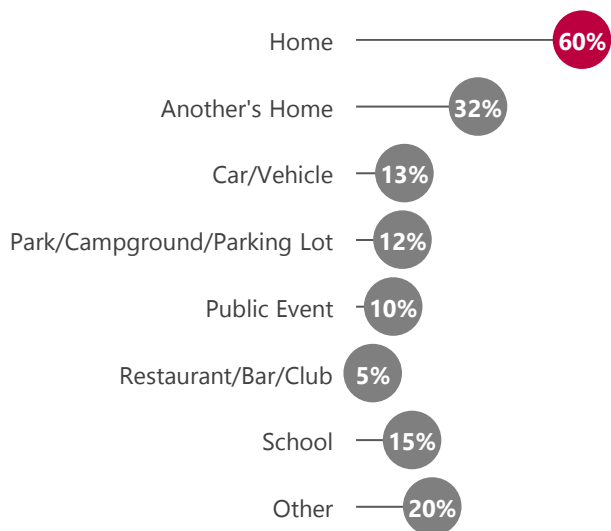
Prescription drug arrests[†] more than doubled between 2008 and 2016³.



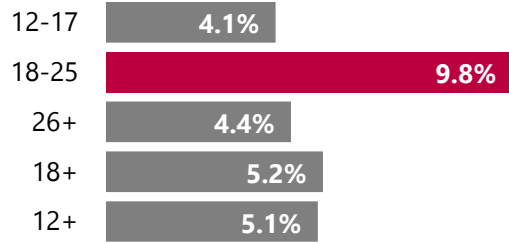
Retail distribution of oxycodone[#] increased by 38% between 2007 and 2016².



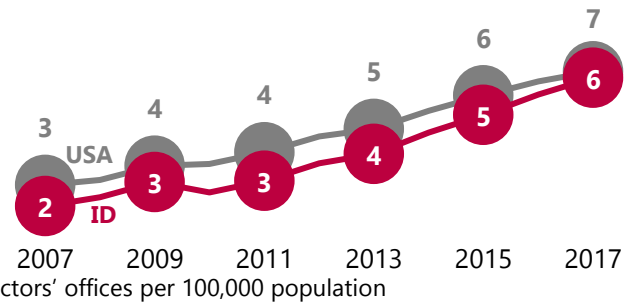
Youth misused their prescription drugs[§] most often in their own home⁴.



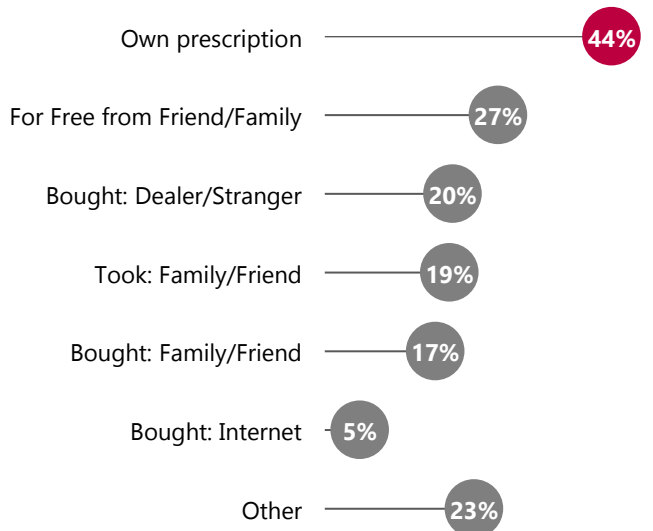
Idahoans 18-25 were more likely to have misused pain relievers in the past year¹.



Retail distribution of amphetamine[#] more than doubled between 2007 and 2016².



Youth got their misused medication[§] most often from their own prescription⁴.



[§]Youth are those in 6th, 8th, 10th, and 12th grade. Prescription drug misuse is taking a prescription medication such as OxyContin, Percocet, Vicodin, codeine, Adderall, Ritalin, Xanax or other opioids, stimulants, or depressants, in a manner or dose other than prescribed, taking someone else's prescription, or taking a medication to get high.

¹SAMHSA, Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2015 and 2016.

²U.S. Department of Justice, Drug Enforcement Administration, Automation of Reports and Consolidated Orders System, Retail Drug Summary, 2007-2017

³Idaho Statistical Analysis Center, Idaho State Police, National Incidence-Based Reporting System, 2007-2016

⁴Idaho Office of Drug Policy, Idaho Healthy Youth Survey 2017 State Report.